## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A film making method comprising:

forming an a liquid crystal polymer evaporant deposited and solidified on a substrate, the evaporant being formed by irradiating a thermotropic liquid crystal polymer capable of exhibiting an optical anisotropy and having a melting point of 250 °C to 350 °C with a pulsed laser to evaporate the liquid crystal polymer, and

depositing and solidifying the evaporant on a surface to form a film of the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer on the surface.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A film formed by the method of Claim 1 irradiating a liquid crystal polymer capable of exhibiting an optical anisotropy with pulsed laser to deposit and solidify a resultant evaporant on a substrate.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A laminate comprising a the film, as recited in Claim 2, on a substrate surface.
- 4. (Currently Amended) An electronic device comprising a the film, as recited in Claim 2, as a protective film.
- 5. (Original) The electronic device as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the electronic device is an organic electroluminescent element.

- 6. (Original) The electronic device as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the electronic device is an organic field-effect transistor element.
- 7. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein said surface is a surface of an electronic device.
- 8. (New) The method as claimed in Claim 7, wherein the electronic device is an organic electroluminescent element.
- 9. (New) The method as claimed in Claim 7, wherein the electronic device is an organic field-effect transistor element.
- 10. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the thickness of the film of the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer on the surface is less than 1μm.
- 11. (New) The method of claim 10, wherein the thickness of the film of the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer on the surface is not less than 30 nm.
- 12. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer irradiated with a pulsed laser is in the form of a film, and is irradiated at a wavelength of 200 1200 nm with a pulsed laser that generates energies within the range of 0.1 to 3.0 J/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 13. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer irradiated with a pulsed laser is in the form of a film, and is irradiated at a wavelength of 200 1200 nm with a pulsed laser that generates energies within the range of 0.1 to 3.0 J/cm<sup>2</sup>.